

## SYRUP OF FIGS



Its excellent qualities commend it to all who realize the importance to Human Health and Happiness, of a truly healthy, elegant and effective liquid laxative to cleanse the system when bilious or costive, to dispel colds and headaches, and to

**Permanently Cure**

**Habitual Constipation**

The California Liquid Fruit Remedy

**SYRUP OF FIGS**

Possessing all the above qualities, is rapidly becoming the universal favorite, especially with ladies and children, as it is pleasant to the taste, and perfectly

**SAFE IN ALL CASES.**

MANUFACTURED ONLY BY THE CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO., OF SAN FRANCISCO, CAL. LOUISVILLE, KY. NEW YORK, N. Y.

For Sale in 50c. and \$1.00 Bottles By all Leading Druggists.

## LISTENERS,

Says the proverb, hear no good of themselves, but we want it borne in mind by every reader of this that there are times when

## It Pays to Listen!



## This Woman

learned, by listening, that the cheapest place in town to buy

## Furniture

is at HENRY ORT'S. I desire to impress on every citizen of Mason, Fleming, Robertson, Bracken and Lewis counties, and the City of Maysville, that it pays to listen when I give prices on Furniture. Pin back your ears: there is money to be made by buying at

## HENRY ORT'S,

next to the tallest house in the city, Second street.

W. S. MOORES,

**DENTIST.**



OFFICE—Second street, in opera house building. Nitrous oxide gas administered in all cases.

**GEORGE W. COOK,**

House, Sign and Ornamental

**Painter and Paper-Hanger.**

Shop north side of Fourth street, between Limestone and Market, Maysville, Ky. 2204

**DR. DEWITT C. FRANKLIN,**

**Dentist,**

Office: Sutton Street, next door to Postoffice.

**JACOB LINN,**

**BAKER AND CONFECTIONER.**

Fresh Bread and Cakes made daily and delivered to any part of the city. Parties and weddings furnished on short notice. No. 25 Second street.

**OPIMUM** and Whiskey Habits cured at home with out pain. Book of particulars sent FREE. B. M. WOOLLEY, M.D. Atlanta, Ga. Office 605 Whitehall St.

## STILL A MYSTERY.

Latest Sensation in the Sackville Affair.

THE MURCHISON LETTER STILL AN INTERESTING ONE.

Efforts Made to Discover the Real Author of the Much Talked of Document—Several People Claiming it as Their Own. Lord Sackville Remains Silent on the Subject.

ANGELES, Cal., Nov. 5.—The newest sensation here about the Murchison letter is the following telegram from Washington to the Tribune, a Republican daily of this city: "A gentleman connected with the National committee to-day said that the publication of the Sackville Murchison correspondence in Los Angeles was premature. A newspaper man received the correspondence in confidence, and the intention of the party managers was to publish it from New York to-day. This was the advice of Chairman Quay to the Los Angeles Republicans."

"The newspaper instincts of the editor got the better of his judgement, however, and letters were published just one week earlier than was intended. The stupidity of the early publication of the letters is obvious. If the stupid break had not been made in Los Angeles and the letter had been first given to the public this week as was intended, its effect upon the administration could in no way have averted its effect upon the voters of America."

The Right View of His Office.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 5.—The following letter is published in the Post:

"To the Editor of the Washington Post:

"I have read the comments which the New York Herald and Evening Post have made upon the letter in which the Hon. Mr. Romero, minister from Mexico, declines to advance an opinion on political matters in the United States. As I notice that the Evening Post, alluding to the diplomatic corps, says that this 'admirable answer' should be framed and sent to every foreign legation in Washington, I desire to state that the precept of international law, which enjoins upon diplomatic representatives to abstain from all interference in matters relating to the internal politics of the states to which they are accredited, is the ABC of diplomacy and what constitutes its rudimentary principle. Therefore, should a diplomat deviate from this rule of the law of the nation, he would do so of his own will without regard to the necessary consequences or be disposed, in advance, to face them. Very respectfully,

"FRANCISCO LAINFESTA,"

"Minister from Guatemala."

Sackville Still Silent. WASHINGTON, Nov. 5.—Lord Sackville-West continues mute as to his future movements. He will no doubt remain in this country for some days. The treasury department has authorized the free entry of silver service, valuable clocks and other household articles recently imported at Baltimore for Lord Sackville, the British minister. This is in accordance with the privileges accorded the resident ministers of all foreign countries.

Another Murchison Found.

NEW YORK, Nov. 5.—The Herald's Chicago special says a letter was received in that city yesterday from T. W. Murchison, who claims to be the author of the now famous appeal to Lord Sackville-West, for advice upon the coming election. Mr. Murchison's present address is Glen Water, a small place about ten miles from Camerontown, Ontario, Canada. He says he is prepared to make an affidavit that his letter to Lord West was a bonafide one, and written in good faith.

Did Elkins Write the Letter.

NEW YORK, Nov. 5.—The Herald's Pomona, Cal., special says: "W. H. Barnum has telegraphed from New York that the National Democratic committee has every reason to believe now that Stephen M. Elkins is the author of the 'Murchison,' and that it was written in Washington and sent to Pomona to be mailed here by Elkins' cousin, John E. David."

RESISTING ARREST.

An Old Man Holds Two Deputy Sheriffs at Bay.

JEFFERSONVILLE, Ind., Nov. 5.—Armed with two shotguns, two revolvers and unlimited ammunition, old Harrison Hogan kept two deputy sheriffs at bay for several hours last Thursday, and, according to the latest reports, is still holding his own. Hogan, who is over seventy years old, has been at war with the officers of the law for several years, and defies all efforts to arrest him.

On Thursday last Deputy Sheriffs Linck and Howell, disguising themselves as hunters, decided to make another attempt to capture the old man. They went to Bull creek, on which stream Hogan has a shanty boat, and endeavored to lure him out. Hogan was on the alert, however, and when the officers approached too near his floating castle, he opened fire on them. The deputies returned the fire, and, getting behind trees, the battle raged until their ammunition was exhausted. Hogan declared that he will not be taken alive, and as the people in the vicinity are afraid of him, there is little likelihood that he will be captured except by an extended siege.

The Bank Not Involved.

BOSTON, Mass., Nov. 5.—Mr. W. B. Forbes, president of the National bank of redemption, has made an assignment for the benefit of his creditors. The amount of his liabilities is not known. He resigned his position as president of the National bank of redemption at noon to-day. The bank is no way involved.

Wants to Run Twenty Miles.

BOSTON, Nov. 5.—James Grant, of Boston, writes to the Herald challenging Daniel Herty, George Guerrero, Hegelman and Golden, of New York, or any man in Massachusetts, to run him a twenty mile race for any amount on Thanksgiving Day at any place to be mutually agreed upon.

## J. HARRIS ROGERS AGAIN.

Wonderful Claims Made for His Synchronic Telegraphy.



J. HARRIS ROGERS.

NEW YORK, Nov. 5.—There has lately been invented a new system of synchronism which, it is claimed, will make it cheaper to telegraph messages than to mail them. Dr. J. Harris Rogers, of Washington, D. C., is the inventor, and he claims that the world will be almost revolutionized by his discovery.

The new system, Dr. Rogers says, reduces the English alphabet to ten elementary characters. The messages are prepared by means of a machine resembling a typewriter and manipulated in the same manner. With the use of ten keys, one for each character, any desirable message can be written.

Dr. Rogers for the past fourteen years or more has been at work trying to perfect synchronism, which signifies, "at the same time." Its application in telegraphy is to make two wheels, one at each end of the line, revolve simultaneously. According to Dr. Rogers over two hundred words can be transmitted in a minute by his new system. A test of the new apparatus was held on Tuesday afternoon and a message of seventy-six words sent over in twenty-five seconds, and printed on a tape in plain Roman characters. The inventor says that he can by this system make one wire do the work that ten do now by the system in vogue.

THE KEELY MOTOR.

Another Chapter in the "Future Mode of Locomotion."

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 5.—Another chapter of Keely motor history was recorded yesterday in the court of common pleas. W. Barnett Le Van, one of the experts appointed by the court to make examination of the motor assigned to Bennett C. Wilson by John W. Keely in 1880, filed a minority report giving the result of his investigation.

Mr. Le Van stated that in his opinion the machines exhibited to the experts by Mr. Keely do not conform in construction, principle or operation to the invention described in the complainant's bill as having been assigned to him by the inventor. The machine mentioned in the assignment was described as a reacting vibratory motor, in dependent of any outside appliances to produce motion and powers.

Mr. Le Van reported that the generator shown him by Mr. Keely was a stationary structure, dependent upon the manipulation of an operator, and could by no possibility be made self operating.

Settlers' Hardships.

TOPEKA, Kan., Nov. 5.—Judge Brewer has decided in the Allen county case, in which certain alternate sections of land granted by the government to the Missouri, Kansas & Texas railway were claimed by the settlers thereon, that the land in question legally belongs to the railroad company. The settlers will, therefore, be compelled to give up possession. The land embraces a large part of the most fertile farming lands in the county. About five thousand settlers are thus thrown out of their homes. Many of them have occupied the land for ten and fifteen years, and have made extensive improvements.

A Blasphemer and Common Scold.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 5.—George Dean, a wiry looking old fellow with a very decided brogue, Friday pleaded guilty in the new court house to blasphemy. In the indictment it was charged that "he did unlawfully, wickedly, profanely, premeditatedly and despitely utter and with loud voice, in the presence and hearing of divers of the citizens of the commonwealth, publish and proclaim concerning Jesus Christ false, scandalous, malicious, wicked, profane and blasphemous words to the dishonor and contempt of Almighty God." Dean is also under indictment as a common scold. Sentence will be imposed when the other charge is heard.

Extent of an Iowa Storm.

CEDAR RAPIDS, Ia., Nov. 5.—The storm Thursday night was very severe at Mount Auburn. The Methodist church was completely wrecked. Norwoods hall, the Burlington depot, Douglass & Sturges elevator and numerous other buildings were badly damaged. The storm continued for some time and a driving rain poured into and flooded the houses that were unroofed by the wind. It is thought the damage will reach \$20,000. A man named Appel was killed by a flying brick. The storm here was very severe and the rain fell in torrents. Edward Johnson, a fireman, was struck by lightning and both legs were paralyzed.

Fatal Fall.

CINCINNATI, Nov. 5.—Mrs. Margaret Ironsides, fifty years of age, fell down a flight of stairs last evening at her house, No. 78 East Eighth street, about 8 o'clock, receiving injuries which resulted fatally an hour later.

Fatal Stabbing.

EVANSVILLE, Ind., Nov. 5.—Ed Thompson and John Morton, two colored men, quarrelled in a barbershop on Water street about 11:30 o'clock last night. They finally came to blows, when Morton drew a knife and stabbed Thompson six times, inflicting fatal wounds. Morton was arrested.

Lowenstein May Recover.

CHICAGO, Nov. 5.—Reports from the hospital this morning say that Detective Lowenstein, who was shot by his wife, is still alive and is reported by his physicians as being on the high road to recovery.

## MANY LIVES LOST

A Number of Fatal and Destructive Accidents.

PECULIAR EXPERIENCE OF FOURTEEN MINERS IN PENNSYLVANIA.

Several of Them Instantly Killed and Others Fatally Injured—Six Firemen Dangerously Injured in Michigan—Railroad Wreck on the Michigan Central.

ALTOONA, Pa., Nov. 5.—A terrible accident occurred on the Sandy Run branch of the Huntingdon & Broad Top railroad Friday, near Hopewell, Bedford county, which caused the death of several men. A hand car coming down from the ore mines, having on board fourteen employees of the road, broke its forward wheel. The occupants were thrown in all directions, some of them as far as forty and fifty feet.

The following is a list of the casualties:

Maier Seeth, a mine boss, skull crushed in; died almost instantly.

Samuel Castings, instantly killed.

Nicholas Stevens, probably fatally injured.

Samuel Knight, sustained terrible injuries, as did his brother, Lon Knight. Samuel Knight will not live.

Daniel Swisher, back broken.

A second accident was narrowly averted by a second car coming right after the one wrecked, and which was signaled just in time.

RAILROAD COLLISION.

An Express Train Runs Into a Switch Engine on the Michigan Central.

TOLEDO, O., Nov. 5.—The outgoing Detroit express train on the Michigan Central railroad collided with a Lake Shore switch engine at Air Line junction at 6 o'clock Saturday morning. The switch engine was somewhat demolished and a platform knocked off of the baggage car. The passenger engine was only slightly damaged.

George Wittman, engineer of the pony, was badly bruised and one of his eyes put out.

Charles Madison, a switchman who was on the pony, was badly bruised and scalded by escaping steam and it is thought that he will die of his injuries.

The fireman was slightly injured, and Mr. John F. Riday, general manager of the Oil, Paint and Drug Reporter, New York, was hurt in both knees and back, and a Mr. Jackson, of Detroit, was also hurt, though neither one. It is claimed that the switch engine was on the main track on the passenger train's time. No one of the train crew were hurt.

LATER—Charles Madison, the switchman who was so seriously hurt in the collision at Air Line junction, died of his injuries at 1:40 o'clock this afternoon.

Firemen Dangerously Injured.

EAST SAGINAW, Mich., Nov. 5.—A terrible accident occurred this morning at 3:30 o'clock in Saginaw City, in which six firemen were dangerously injured through being thrown violently off a hose cart, which fell on them. The hose cart with six men on it was responding to a call when it collided with a wagon, which had been left in the middle of the street. The wheels interlocked and the hose cart turned completely over, its whole weight of 4,600 pounds resting upon the unfortunate men, who were with much difficulty extricated from their fearful position. Henry Jordan was so badly injured that he cannot recover, and Benjamin Farrington, J. J. Averell, Thomas Trahan, Robert Hudson and William Condon, the foreman, were seriously injured.

Accident While Hunting.

CINCINNATI, Nov. 5.—Harry Burton, the eighteen-year old son of S. R. Burton, of Redway & Burton, the well known stove manufacturers, met with a horrible death shortly before noon. He lives on Main avenue, Avondale, but with a young friend went hunting to Ross lake. While the former was crossing the Bee line track. There he stumbled and caught his hand in the trigger of the gun, causing an explosion. The shot struck young Burton, who was close by, in the forehead, causing death about ten minutes later. The coroner was notified.

An Arm Shot Off.

NEWARK, N. J., Nov. 5.—Cornelius Richards, a laborer, had his right arm blown away and his skull fractured, during a Democratic ratification here Friday night, and died shortly after. He unwittingly placed himself almost in front of a cannon belonging to a battery as it was being discharged, and sustained the injuries stated.

Fell Under the Wheels.

AKRON, O., Nov. 5.—William Hann, of Galion, a brakeman on the New York, Pennsylvania & Ohio railroad, fell from a freight car in this city this morning. One truck ran over him. His right hand and foot were so horribly mangled that both were amputated. He is twenty-four, and has a wife and one child.

Scaffolding Falls.

NEW YORK, Nov. 5.—The scaffolding on the third story of the new building at the corner of Broadway and Howard streets, fell Friday morning, carrying several workmen with it to the cellar, a distance of fifty feet. Charles Murphy and Michael Collins were dangerously injured, the former probably fatally.

Brakeman Shockingly Injured.

MITCHELL, Ind., Nov. 5.—Brakeman Buck Miller, of Brownstown, was picked up Friday afternoon, six miles west of town, on the Ohio & Mississippi railroad by the local freight going east. His left leg was cut off below the knee and two ugly gashes cut in the head.

Dangerous and Valuable Plunder.

GALION, O., Nov. 5.—Officers Berry and Dailey arrested three men to-day who were loaded down with shotguns, revolvers, gold watches, lockets, general jewelry, etc., the estimate value being \$500. The men are held to await a hearing for carrying concealed weapons. The goods were all new and evidently stolen.

## DISASTROUS PRAIRIE FIRE.

A Number of People Burned to Death and Heavy Loss of Property.

JACKSON, Minn., Nov. 5.—A courier arrived here Friday with the news that on Thursday afternoon a prairie fire swept over Sioux valley township, Jackson county, and destroyed thousands of dollars worth of property and five lives. The fire originated in the southern part of the township, and, fanned by strong gale, burned over a strip of country over two miles wide and four miles long. Henry Ray, a young farmer, who, with a number of others, was engaged in fighting the fire, was burned so seriously that he died. His hair and beard were burned off and the flesh on his hands literally cooked, portions of it dropping off and exposing the bones.

Mrs. Mollie O'Connor, with her babe, four weeks old, and a Mrs. Murray and her sixteen-year old son, who were visiting at the O'Connors, in attempting to reach a place of safety got into the track of the flames. They ran for a considerable distance and then fell down exhausted and were burned to death. Nothing remained of the babe but a few bones, and the bodies of the others presented a sickening sight. It is reported that another family of three persons living on the northwestern border of the township were burned to death, and parties have gone from here to investigate. The value of the property destroyed, including hay and grain in stock, buildings, etc., will not fall short of \$60,000.

Important Railroad Decision.

DES MOINES, Iowa, Nov. 5.—The most important decision ever made by the Iowa railroad commissioners was filed this morning in the case of the complaints of Davenport, Dubuque and Burlington jobbers. The commissioners reaffirm their schedule of June 28, in first, second, third, fourth and fifth classes, with the addition of the lumber rate in the Burlington case, the western classification being adopted in lieu of the Illinois classification.

FOREIGN NEWS.

Further Particulars of the Imperial Train Wreck—Other Cable Dispatches.

ST. PETERSBURG, Nov. 5.—The Official Messenger in its account of the recent accident to the imperial train says that although the czar's foot and the czarina's hand were badly injured, they both forgot their own wounds, and rendered all possible assistance to those whose injuries were more severe than their own. Nearly every member of the czar's suite received contusions.

The casualties, according to the Official Messenger, now foot up twenty-one of the attendants killed and thirty-seven seriously injured, one of whom has since died. While investigating the causes which led to the accident, the czar found a portion of one of the broken sleepers, which was in a complete state of decay.

In Honor of Drs. Bergman and Gerhardt.

BERLIN, Nov. 5.—The demonstration of university students in honor of Drs. Bergman and Gerhardt was held here. The medical students absented themselves, and only 200 of the others, out of a total of 5,000, took part in the procession. The paraders marched to the residence of Drs. Bergman and Gerhardt, each of whom thanked the students for the honor shown him.

Terrible Loss of Life in a Mine.

PARIS, Nov. 5.—There was a terrible explosion in the Campagnac colliery at Aveyron, caused by fire damp. The pit was full of miners at the time. Forty are known to have been killed. Search parties have thus far found nineteen bodies.

Ambassador to Be Recalled.

BERLIN, Nov. 5.—The report that Baron Von Schlocher, Prussian ambassador to the Vatican, was to be recalled is confirmed here. This action of the government is undoubtedly the result of the pope's address to the Neapolitan pilgrims.

Rough on the Jews.

ST. PETERSBURG, Nov. 5.—The police authorities have given notice that Jews will not be allowed to change their names or to reside in the capital without a permit.

Opposed to the King's Jubilee.

COPENHAGEN, Nov. 5.—The opposition party here strongly oppose the proposed celebration of the king's jubilee.

Earthquake Felt in Tennessee.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., Nov. 5.—A very severe earthquake shock was felt in Union City and vicinity between 3 and 4 o'clock Saturday morning, the motion being from west to east. The shock was so great that hundreds of persons were aroused from their slumbers.

Ice House Burned.

TOLEDO, O., Nov. 5.—Fire Tuesday night destroyed the ice houses and buildings owned by G. W. Thomas. The origin of the fire is a mystery. The buildings were nearly empty, but were valued at \$25,000. The insurance will nearly cover the loss.

Died After a Severe Illness.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Nov. 5.—Herriek P. Frost, general manager of the Southern New England Telephone company, died to-day after a severe illness.

Mrs. James G. Blaine, Jr., Improving.

NEW YORK, Nov. 5.—Mrs. James G. Blaine, Jr.'s, condition was a little better this morning. She passed an easy night.

Philadelphia Firm Assigns.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 5.—William Tetlow, a large manufacturer on Phillip street, has made an assignment. The liabilities amount to \$60,000.

Sporting Notes.

Comiskey says the Browns are hot because Von Der Ahe has failed to give them \$200 each as agreed. He says his club will have a new short-stop and center fielder.

John A. Havlin, of Boston, and Tommy Warren, of San Francisco, have signed articles for a prize fight November 27 for a purse of \$1,000.

Pat. Killen and Dominick McCaffrey have agreed to fight fifteen rounds for \$1,000 and 75 per cent. of the receipts. Time and place not fixed.

Winners at Washington races were Sam. Harper, Jr., Belle B., Champagne Charlie, Bronzomarte and Glory.

Winners at Nashville were Roi d'Or, Wild Boy, Finality, Hector and Salie Hogan.



# DAILY EVENING BULLETIN.

DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY.  
ROSSER & MCCARTHY,  
Proprietors.

MONDAY EVE., NOV. 5, 1888.

## Final Appeal to the Democracy of Mason.

Democrats of Mason County, the campaign is fast drawing to a close.

The Presidential and Congressional election will take place to-morrow.

We appeal to every one of you to rally to the support of your party nominees.

In this Congressional district every vote is needed. SEE THAT IT IS POLLED.

Owing to disaffection in our ranks in the last two campaigns the Republicans, aided by their unscrupulous use of money, won, but they won by "the skin of their teeth."

The district can be redeemed this time, if every one of you do your duty.

Harmony once more prevails in our ranks, and the Democracy of every county in the district are pulling together with a will for the nominee, Thomas H. Paynter.

Victory is within our reach.

It is important, therefore, that every vote be polled.

It is important that you see your Democratic neighbors and get them to the polls.

It is very important for you to be at the polls early. Every Democratic vote should be cast as early as possible.

Let there be no wavering in the ranks.

Let there be no stay-at-homes this time.

The fight is one in the interests of the people and should enlist your earnest co-operation.

It is a contest to reduce the oppressive war taxes and cheapen the necessities of life.

It is a fight against a system of tariff taxation that is robbing you to enrich such monopolists as Carnegie.

It is a fight against a system that is making millionaires out of a few and paupers out of the many.

Remember all this and vote for those matchless American statesmen Cleveland and Thurman.

Remember all this and vote for our honest and manly standard-bearer, THOS. H. PAYNTER, and a grand victory will be won.

DEMOCRATS, your ballot should read THOMAS H. PAYNTER. See that the name is spelled correctly.

High taxes are not a blessing. Cleveland, Thurman and Paynter favor reducing taxes. Vote for them.

LAY aside your work to-morrow and devote one full day to the election of Cleveland, Thurman and Paynter.

"ETERNAL vigilance is the price of liberty." Remember this to-morrow and vote for Cleveland, Thurman and Paynter.

"UNNECESSARY taxation is public robbery" is the motto of the Democracy. Vote for Cleveland, Thurman and lower taxes.

DEMOCRATS should carefully inspect their ballot. See that it reads THOMAS H. PAYNTER, and that it is printed on plain white paper.

THE Republican "hoodlers" from Bracken were in town yesterday. The Democrats of that county must be on their guard to-morrow.

THE farms of Ohio are mortgaged for over SEVEN HUNDRED MILLION DOLLARS. Has the high tariff benefited the farmers? It has not. Vote for lower taxes.

LESS than TWENTY CENTS a DAY is the wages paid right here in Maysville in a boasted "protected" industry, the cotton mills. Does high tariff make high wages?

Boys, here is a little secret we wish to tell you in confidence: We've got 'em, and the counting of the votes to-morrow night will prove it. But don't fail to vote for Paynter.

THE Portsmouth Blade must be patterning after that dirty villainous sheet, the Cincinnati Commercial Gazette. Its falsehoods and misrepresentations, however, can not defeat Mr. Paynter.

THE Democrats of Mason should remember that the election of Paynter may depend on the vote he receives in this county. See that every vote is polled. There should be no stay-at-homes.

DEMOCRATS, be on your guard. Bogus ballots may be circulated with the name of your candidate spelled wrong. See that your ticket reads THOMAS H. PAYNTER. If spelled any other way it will be thrown out.

# RED-HOT SHOT.

## Raking the Rattled Old Republican Ship Fore and Aft.

## Unanswerable Arguments From Republican Statesmen for the Democratic Cause.

William D. Kelley, Republican Congressman, said: "Let the raw material come in. Let us make blankets that will drive out English blankets. Let us be able to rival England and France and other representative nations in making these clothes."

Speaking of the present high tariff, John J. Ingalls, Republican Senator from Kansas, said: "The old issues are dead! The people are arraying themselves upon one side or the other of a potentous contest. On one side is capital, formidably entrenched in privilege, arrogant from continued triumph, conservative, tenacious to old theories, demanding new concessions, enriched by domestic levy and foreign commerce, and struggling to adjust all values to its own standard. On the other is labor, asking for employment, striving to develop domestic industries, battling with the forces of nature, and subduing the wilderness; labor starving and sullen in cities, resolutely determined to overthrow a system under which the rich are growing richer and the poor are growing poorer; a system which gives to a Vanderbilt the possession of wealth beyond the dreams of avarice and condemns the poor to a poverty which has no refuge from starvation but the prison or the grave."

Hugh McCulloch, Secretary of the Treasury under Hayes, recommended "that the existing duties upon raw materials which are to be used in manufacture should be removed and that the duties upon the articles used or consumed by those who are the least able to bear the burden of the taxation should be reduced."

Mr. McCulloch is an honest and consistent man and will vote the Democratic ticket to-morrow.

President Grant, in 1874, in his last message said: "The introduction, free of duty of such wools as we do not produce would stimulate the manufacture of goods requiring the use of those we do produce, and therefore would be a benefit to home production. There are many articles entering into 'home manufactures' which we do not produce ourselves, the tariff upon which increases the cost of producing the manufactured article. All the corrections in this regard are in the direction of bringing labor and capital in harmony with each other, and of supplying one of the elements of prosperity so much needed."

William D. Kelley, Republican Congressman from Pennsylvania, said in April, 1882: "If we adjourn on the 29th of May we shall have repealed no tax or duty, and the people will ask us in every paper and at every corner why we have continued the system of taxation so largely in excess of the demands of the Government and the reduction of the public debt, at the rate of \$50,000,000 per annum outside of what is already provided by law. On neither side of the House can justification be found, nor do I believe apologies which will prove entirely satisfactory to the tax-payers, who are loaded at every point and whose profits are absorbed in the excessive Treasury of the Government."

Congressman McKinley, Republican of Ohio, said in 1882: "The free-list might be enlarged without affecting injuriously a single American interest."

Senator Warner Miller, Republican nominee for Governor of New York, said in 1882: "The sooner we have that (tariff) revision the better it will be for all industries."

And here's a clincher from Senator Sherman, the distinguished Ohio statesman: "We agree that the tariff should be revised and the taxes reduced. \* \* \* Under existing law we are collecting from the United States as national taxes the sum of FIFTY TO ONE HUNDRED MILLIONS OF DOLLARS MORE THAN IS REQUISITE TO MEET ALL THE PROPER CURRENT EXPENDITURES OF THE GOVERNMENT AND ALL OUR OBLIGATIONS TO THE PUBLIC CREDITORS."

Now read what Senator Hale, Republican of Maine, says about salt: "I believe there is no question about which the reflection of millions of people day by day is so decided as it is in declaring that there should be no tax upon this article of salt. I have been asked to amend the bill introduced by me so as to cut down the duty 50 per cent. I do not consent to that. I believe this article should go upon the free-list; that the monopoly which has obtained heretofore for the Onondaga Salt Works—AS GREAT AND COMPLETE AS ANY MONOPOLY EVER GRANTED BY THE TUDORS IN ENGLAND'S MOST DESPOTIC TIMES—OUGHT TO CEASE."

And Mr. Davis in his speech at the court house Saturday had the brazen

effrontery to say there are no trusts in this country, unless it was the Standard Oil trust. What about salt?

President Arthur asserted that "the present tariff system is in many respects unjust. It makes unequal distributions, both of its burdens and its benefits."

\* \* \* I recommend an enlargement of the free list so as to include within it the numerous articles which yield inconsiderable revenue, a simplification of the complex and inconsistent schedule of duties upon certain manufactures, particularly those of cotton, iron and steel, and a substantial reduction of the duties upon those articles, and upon sugar, molasses, silk, wool and woolen goods."

Senator Sherman declared: "The expression, 'a free trade tariff,' involves an absurdity. If you converse with intelligent men engaged in the business of manufacturing they will tell you that they are willing to compete with England, France, Germany and all the countries of Europe, at the low rates of duty. If you reduce their products to a specie basis, and put them on the same footing they were on before the war, the present rates of duty would be too high. It would not be necessary for scarce any branch of industry to be protected to the extent of your present tariff law. They do not ask protection against the pauper labor of Europe, but they ask protection against the creation of your own laws."

And just look at this. Read it. It is what Senator Harrison, Republican nominee for President, said in 1882: "The creation of the Tariff Commission was a confession that the tariff needs revision. If the report comes in it should be promptly acted upon. My opinion is that no time should be lost after Congress assembles in bringing forward these measures, and that no time should be lost during the holidays by adjournment." The Tariff Commission was appointed by a Republican Congress, and it recommended a reduction of the tariff of 20 per cent. The Mills bill proposes a reduction of only 5 per cent. Comment is unnecessary.

Senator Morrill, 1870: "It is a mistake of the friends of a sound tariff to insist upon the extreme rates imposed during the war."

Charles J. Folger, in 1882, in his annual report as Secretary of the Treasury, said: "All agree that a revision of the tariff is necessary. The action of Congress in creating a commission for that purpose renders discussion on that point unnecessary. \* \* \* The Secretary earnestly recommends a careful revision of the tariff, with a view to substantial reduction."

Henry Cabot Lodge, a Republican Congressman from Massachusetts, in 1884, said: "There is a large, perilous and growing surplus in the revenues. It must be removed, not by needless and extravagant expenditures, not by abolishing the proper taxation of whisky and tobacco, not by a stupid and injurious and injurious and horizontal reduction for politics only, but by plain business methods, by freeing entirely those great necessities of life which enter into the daily consumption of every household."

Henry Wilson, late Republican Vice President, after speaking of the Treasury overflowing with a surplus, said: "I think American labor will be best protected by taxing all the necessities of life lightly; placing the raw materials which enter into our manufactures on the free list; raising revenue to support the Government upon the luxuries of life, which are consumed by the more wealthy classes of society."

In 1880, Levi P. Morton the Republican nominee for Vice President, voted to place salt on the free list. Mr. Davis in his speech Saturday denounced the Democrats for trying to do this very thing. What's the matter with his candidate for Vice President?

President Grant said: "Many duties now collected and which give but insignificant return for the cost of collection might be remitted, and to the direct advantage of the consumers at home. I would mention those articles which enter into manufactures of all sorts. All duty paid upon such articles goes directly to the cost of the article when manufactured here, and MUST BE PAID FOR BY THE CONSUMERS. These duties not only come from the consumers at home, but act as a protection to foreign manufacturers of the same completed articles in our own and distant markets."

The consumer has it to pay, says Grant, but in face of this Mr. Davis asserted Saturday that the tariff was not a tax and that the consumer didn't pay it. Of course Mr. Davis knows more about it than General Grant.

This is all. We could continue this list, but we end the fight here. No honest-hearted, clear-headed Republican can consistently support Harrison and Morton on the platform adopted at Chicago. That platform is directly antagonistic to the true principles of the Republican party as declared by its leaders as above set forth.

The Democratic platform is the only one that declares for a revision of the tariff in this campaign. If you want to see the tax on the necessities of life reduced, vote for Cleveland, Thurman and Paynter.

# Bargains! Bargains!

—TO BE HAD AT—

## M. B. McKRELL'S,

ONE DOOR BELOW POSTOFFICE.

Brown Cotton, 5, 7, 7½ and 8½c. per yard; Bleach Cotton, 5, 7, 7½, 8½ and 10c. per yard; Canton Flannel, 5, 7, 7½, 8½ and 10c. per yard; Grey Twill Flannel, 10, 15 and 20c.; All Wool Red Twilled Flannel, 25, 30 and 35c.; All Wool Plain Red Flannel, 15, 20, 25 and 30; Apron Gingham, 5, 7½ and 8½c.; Plaid Cotton, 5, 7½ and 8½c.; Bed Tick, 8½, 10, 12½, 15 and 20c.; Jeans, 10, 12½, 15, 20, 25, 30 and 35c.; Red Table Damask, 25, 30, 35 and 40c.; Unbleached Table Damask, 25, 30, 35 and 40c.; Dress Goods, 5, 10, 12½, 14, 17½ and 25c.; All Wool Henrietta Cloths, 40, 50, 65, 75, 85 and \$1.

I have an elegant line of Trimmings and Buttons to match the above line of Dress Goods. Remember our immense line of Corsets, Hosiery, Underwear, Laundered and Unlaundered Shirts, Blankets, Skirts, Jerseys, Shawls, Handkerchiefs, Ribbons, Laces, Embroideries, Collars and Cuffs, Ruching, Lace Ties, Silk Ties and Jewelry. I have just received the most complete line of CLOAKS ever in my house, embracing all the new novelties in Wool and Plush Cloaks and Wraps. Do not forget my CARPET department; I am offering great bargains.

## TO BUYERS OF DRY GOODS.

We will say that in our DRESS GOODS department can be found the handsomest novelties the market affords. We have always made this a specialty in our business, and have taken great pride in maintaining the high reputation which it bears among the people in this vicinity. That we lead in this particular is an acknowledged fact among all the ladies who have had the good fortune of looking through our beautiful display this season, and the familiar expression, "Isn't it just too sweet?" is often heard as they look with admiration on our grand assortment of these goods. Anyone wishing a new dress should, in justice to themselves, look through this department, as they will, without doubt, see something worthy of their attention. In our CLOAK ROOM will be found a line of Wraps that would be a credit to an Eastern city, and ladies wishing garments of this kind should not miss seeing them. Our Flannels, Jeans, Blankets, Hosiery and Underwear are well worth coming to see, as we have some decided bargains in these goods. We handle none but the best goods, and our prices are guaranteed the lowest.

## D. HUNT & SON,

SECOND ST., MAYSVILLE.

## HEADQUARTERS

FOR COOKING AND HEATING

## STOVES

—IS AT—

## ALLEN, THOMAS & CO.'S,

Wholesale and Retail dealers, Maysville, Ky. They have the largest and most complete assortment ever offered to this trade. Look through their stock before buying. Mantels, Grates, Firebacks, Coal Vases and Rods, and all kinds of Tinware. Importers of

## Fine China, Glass and Queensware;

Wooden and Willowware. Their stock is too varied to enumerate. Call and look through. No trouble to show goods. Remember the place: ALLEN, THOMAS & CO., corner of Second and Court streets, Maysville, Ky.

## COAL!

WM. WORMALD has just received a supply of Connellsville HARD COKE, both Crushed and Uncrushed, suitable for furnaces and base-burner stoves. Try it; you will find it cheaper than Anthracite and superior to Gas Coke. Also a full supply of Youghiogheny,

## Semi-Cannel, Peacock and Pomeroy

COAL at the lowest rates. Leave orders at the elevator or at the office on Wall street. Good Coal and Just weight Guaranteed.

## James C. Owens,

WHOLESALE COAL DEALER.

Sell only in car-load lots or more. I control the entire output of the Eastern Kentucky Railroad Company's mines, and am prepared to give you a good article of Coal for less money than any dealer in this market. I also sell KANAWHA (Semi-Cannel), NEW RIVER (the best Blacksmith Coal taken from the earth), STEAM COAL, either Nut or Slack, and NUT a specialty.

OFFICE: State National Bank Building, West Side of Court Street, Three Doors Above Second Street, Maysville, Ky.

## THE EUROPEAN HOTEL,

The place to stop at when in Maysville. Under new management. Tables furnished with the best the market affords. Charges reasonable. Special rates to regular boarders. C. D. SHEPARD, Prop.

## A. N. SAPP,

Baggage and Freight Transfer.

Will call at your house at all hours for baggage or freight for steamboats and trains. Leave orders at James & Wells' livery stable, Market street. Sdly



# DAILY EVENING BULLETIN.

DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY.  
ROSSER & MCCARTHY,  
Proprietors.

MONDAY EVE., NOV. 5, 1888.

INDICATIONS—"Fair; stationary temperature."

Choice grapes, 25 cents basket—Calhoun's. dlt

SOLOMON CHOPPER, of Burtonville, has been penis ned.

A PENSION has been granted James A. Scott, of Fern Leaf.

Don't fail to hear Bronston at the court house to-night.

DR. OWENS is able to be out after an illness of several days.

JUDGE COLE has adjourned Circuit Court until next Thursday.

THE COURT of Appeals adjourned Saturday until Monday, November 12th.

EVERY Democrat is earnestly requested to turn out and join the parade to-night.

THE Aberdeen Democrats are coming over to take part in the parade to-night.

ED. THEIS, a Georgetown saloonist, was fined \$50 and costs for selling "Harter's Bitters."

If you want any fire-works, lanterns and flags read John Wheeler's advertisement.

THE friends of Mr. T. J. Curley will regret to learn that he is suffering from malarial fever.

THE name of Makor L. Middleton, of Tollesboro, appears among the list of new pensioners.

BARGAINS in clocks, hanging lamps, silver knives and forks and spoons, at the Gem China Store. dlt

DEMOCRATS, remember the procession forms at Market street this evening at 6:30. Be on hand.

THE Candy Kitchen has been removed to the business house formerly occupied by Mr. A. M. Rogers.

MR. A. F. RESSESS, Clerk in the State Auditor's office, arrived Saturday to put in a ballot for Paynter.

MR. THOMAS CUMMINS, who has been confined to his room for several weeks with fever, is able to be out again.

YOUR ballot must read, THOMAS H. PAYNTER, if you want it to be counted. See that the name is spelled correctly.

A SMALL shipment of freight for Messrs. Owens & Barkley was on the steamer Fashion which sunk last Friday evening.

COL. BOB LYNN has made a bet of \$1,000 with an Ashland party and another bet of \$1,000 with a Portsmouth party that Cleveland will be elected.

JOHN L. CHAMBERLAIN will deliver a lecture at the Lawrence Creek school house Wednesday night, November 14, 1888. Subject: "Pythianism."

DEMOCRATS, remember every vote counts to-morrow. Allow no straggling. Stand shoulder to shoulder, and "victory will perch upon your banners."

MR. WALTER L. MACCORKLE, who formerly practiced law in this city, will wed Miss Margaret Chesebrough, of New York, on the 14th of this month.

ENGINEER BLACK, who was so badly injured in the railroad accident at Paris a few days ago, is improving, and his friends have hopes of his recovery.

I WILL sell any furniture in White, Judd & Co.'s store up to 6 o'clock this evening at double price, payable when Harrison carries Indiana in the Presidential contest. C. H. WHITE.

HON. W. J. HENDRICK and Mr. C. B. Poyntz made telling addresses at the court house Saturday night. A large crowd was out and gave the speakers an enthusiastic greeting.

V. H. PERKINS, Storekeeper under General Robinson, assigned to duty at Frankfort, passed through Maysville Saturday on his way home to Tollesboro to help swell Paynter's majority.

THE engagement of Miss Lucille Lindner, the song bird of Lexington, to Harry R. Whittemore, of Detroit, Mich., has been announced. The marriage is to take place some time in January.

THOMAS WILLIS, colored, who shot and wounded another negro railroad hand at Indian Springs a few days ago, has been held in the sum of \$300 to answer the charge at the next term of Criminal Court at Newport.

COUNTY ATTORNEY NEWELL and Mr. C. B. Poyntz addressed the Jackson Club of Sardis Saturday afternoon. A crowd of 150 or 200 were present. The Sardis Cornet Band furnished excellent music for the occasion.

## More Bogus Ballots.

A bunch of Paynter ballots was found at Augusta yesterday with the name spelled Paynter. Republicans are up to the most despicable tricks. Democrats, see that your ballot reads THOMAS H. PAYNTER. Vote no other.

## Free Ferriage To night.

Free ferriage to-night. The Gretna Green will make two trips each way. A cordial invitation is extended the Leedom Club and all other Democrats of Aberdeen and vicinity to come over and take part in the last rally of the campaign. All Democrats should turn out and make it a rouser. Let the bandanna wave.

## Democrats, Watch Your Ballots.

The Republicans of this district see defeat staring them in the face and are ready to resort to any trick to aid them in their fight. A telegram was received here Saturday from Vanceburg that they had printed a lot of Democratic ballots with the name of the nominee spelled Painter instead of Paynter. This is a despicable trick, and Democrats should be on guard. See that your ballot reads THOMAS H. PAYNTER, and vote no other.

## American Versus European Wages.

The average American workman performs from one and one-half to twice as much work as the average European workman.—[Wm. M. Everts, report as Secretary of State in the Hayes Administration, May 17, 1879. Undoubtedly the inequalities in the wages of English and American operatives are more than equalized by the greater efficiency of the latter and their LONGER HOURS OF LABOR.—[James G. Blaine, report as Secretary of State in the Garfield administration, June 25, 1881.]

## A Large Corruption Fund in Mason.

It is reported that a list of the names of every colored voter and floater in Mason County has been furnished the National Republican Committee and that a very large fund—at least \$10 for each "floater" has been sent here and is now in the possession of the white Republican leaders to be used in holding the colored voter in line.

Wonder if the visit of boss boodler Thomas in the past day or so had any connection with this matter?

The inference is that the "boys" are going to get some of that pie before they vote.

## October Revenue Report.

Following is the internal revenue report of this district for the month of October:

Liquor	\$ 27 70
Beef	140 00
Spirits	103,128 70
Cigars	1,224 30
Tobacco	675 14
Special taxes	424 47
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 105,620 91</b>
June 8, 1885, to June 15, 1886	2,442,100 04
June 16, 1886, to Sept. 30, 1886	3,559,840 74
<b>Grand total</b>	<b>\$6,107,561 69</b>
Gain over October, 1887	22,876 58
Gain over first four months of last year	86,681 79
Deputy Collector Baldwin reports the following:	
Spirit stamps	\$9,635 55
Tobacco stamps	37 50
Cigar stamps	932 55
Special tax stamps	28 27
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$10,613 87</b>

## Six Hands—\$7.15 a Week.

A minister of this city said to the BULLETIN yesterday: "My church has to help support many of the employees of the Maysville Cotton Mill every winter. I know one family consisting of a widow and five children who work in this mill. ALL SIX OF THEM RECEIVE BUT \$7.15 A WEEK. There is another widow with a son about nineteen years old and a daughter about twelve. These children worked in the mill, and the two got LESS THAN \$3.50 A WEEK. This family had to move away from here a few days ago because they couldn't live on what they earned." Such is the information given us by this preacher. Voters should remember that these wages are paid in one of the boasted protected industries of this country. Does high tariff insure high wages?

## Twenty Cents a Day.

Elsewhere you will see where a minister tells about a family of six who work in the cotton mills for \$7.15 a week. By a little calculation it will be seen that the average weekly wages of these six hands is LESS THAN \$1.20. There are six working days in a week, and a little further calculation shows that these six hands each get LESS THAN TWENTY CENTS A DAY! And they work eleven and a half hours a day.

And yet Hon. Robert A. Cochran, one of the owners of these mills, talks about "protection to home industries!" And Republicans talk about "the pauper labor of free trade England!"

And Republicans tell us a high tariff makes high wages.

Vote the Democratic ticket and for tariff reform.

## Personal.

Mr. Ed Cook, of Nicholasville, is visiting friends in this city.

Miss Lettie Owens has returned from a visit to relatives at Cincinnati.

Misses Emma and Lena Means returned Saturday from a visit to Miss Fannie Howe, of Flemingsburg.

THE Bracken Democracy never were more thoroughly aroused. Judge Savage returned from there this morning and says he addressed the largest crowd at Augusta ever witnessed at a political meeting in that place. Fifteen hundred people in line.

HON. ROBERT J. MORSE, of Massachusetts, who never voted for a Democrat in his life, and who in 1884 presided over the Massachusetts Republican State Convention, last week announced his intention of voting for Cleveland. He is opposed to paying war taxes in time of peace.

THE John P. Leedom Club of Aberdeen closed the campaign with a big demonstration Saturday night. About 700 or 800 of the untutored were on hand and listened to rousing speeches from Hon. John P. Leedom, of Washington, D. C., and Judge Whitaker, of this city. Hauck's Reed and Brass Band furnished delightful music.

THE free Tontine return premium policy with return of all premiums with face of policy if death occurs within the Tontine period originated with the Equitable Life Assurance Society of New York. There is no restriction after one year as to travel or occupation. Incontestable after two years, for any cause. Non-forfeiting after three annual payments. For further particulars call on Jos. F. Broderick, agent Equitable Life, N. Y.

The debate Saturday afternoon at the court house attracted a big crowd and the speakers were wildly applauded. Republicans were pleased with the able manner in which their waning cause was upheld by Mr. Davis and the Democrats were delighted with the unanswerable arguments of Judge Savage in favor of tariff reform. There were anecdotes and expressions from both sides, however, that never ought to have been used.

THE Amazon Fire Company has elected the following officers for the ensuing six months:

President—John T. Hise.  
Vice President—D. A. Rudy.  
Secretary—George C. Fleming.  
Messenger—Charles Staicup.  
Chief of Hose—Charles Blakemore.  
Engineer—W. L. Stickley.  
Chairman Standing Committee—W. C. Pelham.  
Finance Committee—W. C. Pelham, George C. Fleming, B. F. Williams.  
Sick Committee—John T. Hise, D. A. Rudy.

A CANVASS has been made of the soldier Democrats in the Departments at Washington. As far as the canvasser has gone it is shown that there are 927 ex-soldiers in the War Department, 203 in the Navy Department, 816 in the Interior Department, sixty in the Sixth Auditor's office, 153 in the Postoffice Department, fifty-three in the State Department, 500 in the Government printing office, and 512 in the Treasury Department. This is only a partial list, yet it foots up a total of 3,324.

## Stock, Field and Farm.

MOSE Daulton & Bro. sold recently to E. P. Jones, of Washington, D. C., a fine combined roan gelding, five years old, by Warfield, dam an inbred Cockspur mare. Terms private.

Says the Lexington Press: "One of the largest crops of wheat ever sown in Fayette County has been sown this year, for the reason that a good price is expected. Although a very large crop has been planted, the farmers are not through yet, and if the season is favorable Old Hutch will find that he can't corner the wheat that is raised in this county."

## How Burchett Befriends the Workmen.

Hon. Drury J. Burchett is a workingman, and has a just claim upon the workmen of this district. Every one of them should vote for him on Tuesday next—Maysville Republican.

B. F. Martin, a shoemaker, who has been in the employ of Major Burchett, the Republican candidate for Congress, almost continuously since Mr. Burchett engaged in the shoe business, was appointed Marshal of the town of Louisa. He encountered some difficulty in securing bond, but Major Burchett came to his rescue under conditions explained in the following certificate:

LOUISA, KY., Oct. 20th, '88.—I do hereby certify that I, being appointed Marshal of the town of Louisa, not being able to give the bond necessary, called on Major D. J. Burchett, who signed my bond and received for same one-half of all the money coming to me from the town for tax collections, &c., and all other moneys to me due and received from the said office of Marshal, this being his agreement. I am willing to swear that he took one-half and no more, and never asked for any more.

BEN J. MARTIN  
MARSHAL

Witness,  
H. C. Sullivan,  
F. W. Weis.  
Sworn to before me by B. F. Martin, Oct. 23rd, 1888.

G. F. JOHNSON,  
Clerk of Lawrence County Court.

—Big Sandy News.

The charge contained in Mr. Martin's affidavit was made some ten days ago. Major Burchett has not denied the accusation. The Major may be a clever fellow, but if he is guilty of the above charge, he is not a fit man to represent the people of the Ninth district in Congress. And no "workingman" would treat a fellow-workingman as Major Burchett is charged with treating Mr. Martin.

# ROYAL BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight, alum or phosphate powders. Sold only in cans. ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 108 Wall St., New York.

## ANNOUNCEMENTS

MAYOR—We are authorized to announce E. E. PEARCE, JR., as a candidate for re-election to the office of Mayor, at the January election, 1889.

COLLECTOR AND TREASURER—We are authorized to announce C. S. LEACH as a candidate for re-election to the office of City Collector and Treasurer at the January election, 1889.

CITY MARSHAL—We are authorized to announce W. M. DAWSON as a candidate for City Marshal at the ensuing January election.

## FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—Two four-room houses on West Second street. Apply to G. HEISEL, 1-3t

FOR RENT—A two-story frame dwelling containing 8 rooms, two halls, double porch and kitchen, opposite Hutchinson's grocery in Chester. Ten dollars a month. Apply at premises. mdt

## FOR SALE.

PIANOS AND ORGANS—First-class instruments, at lowest prices, and on most reasonable terms. C. S. CHAMBERLAIN, No. 75 East Second street Maysville, Ky. n2d6t

FOR SALE—Fourteen acres of No. 1 Land half mile from Washington. Two houses and stone barn on premises. If not sold privately before November 8th, will be offered that day at public auction, in Washington, at 2 p. m. Title perfect. Apply to N. S. WOOD, at Parker, Culbertson & Co.'s. n2d7t

FOR SALE—Breeding pen of thoroughbred Brown Leghorn chickens, four pens and cock, of best strain of blood. Price, \$3.50. Apply to CLARENCE STANTON. n2d7t

## CAMPAIGN COMMITTEE

And TRADE SUPPLIES.

## FIRE-WORKS

LANTERNS and FLAGS, at

## JOHN WHEELER'S

## Coal! Coal!

Best Pomeroy, Semi-Cannel and Peacock Coal at the lowest prices. Orders promptly attended to when left at office on Commerce street. CITIZENS' COAL COMPANY. J. HAMILTON, Agent. 5-1w

## JOHN CRANE.

—House, Sign and—

## Ornamental Painter.

Graining, Glazing and Paper-hanging. All work neatly and promptly executed. Office and shop, north side of Fourth between Market and Limestone streets. a2d17

# DO YOU NEED A PAIR OF COARSE BOOTS,

Solid, serviceable and wear-resisting? Then try either of the following brands: BATCHELDER, GREENWOOD & Co., RODGER & Co. They are our leaders. Having sold them for twenty years, we know them well. Every pair warranted. If you want a good cheap Boot try our \$2.00 brand.

## MINER'S

## One-Price: Shoe: Store!



## M'CLANAHAN & SHEA,

CHEAPEST AND BEST

## Stove Store

in the city. It will pay you to learn our prices before purchasing elsewhere.

## McCLANAHAN & SHEA,

COOPER'S OLD STAND.

Second Street, . . . . . Maysville, Ky.

## PAINTS, DRUGS and OIL.

## CHENOWETH'S DRUG STORE!

# OUR FALL STOCK

Is all in, and surpasses any of our former efforts as to quantity quality and variety. We are showing the most complete stock of Dry Goods in the city, and are sustaining the reputation we have acquired of being the closest-price house.

In DRESS GOODS we are showing some desirable styles at 10, 12½ and 15 cents; at 25c. we show a line of English Henriettas that would be cheap at 35c; a line of All Wool Tricots, in navy blue, green brown and all the desirable shades at 37½c. We show a beautiful line of Dress Goods at at from 50c. to \$1. in all the new weaves and colors.

UNDERWEAR and HOSIERY—Our line is complete. We call special attention of the ladies to our new brand of Ethiopian Black Hose at 25, 40 and 50c., full regular and guaranteed fast and stainless. See our Embroidered-Back Kid Gloves at 50c. We are showing big drives in Domestic. Our 5c Prints are all new Fall styles. At 7½c. we are showing a line of extra heavy and wide Prints, usually sold at 10c.; a good Bleached or Brown Muslin at 5c. Ask to see our Jeans at 25c.; it is a big bargain. BROWNING & CO., No. 3 East Second Street, Maysville, Ky.



## WORK AND WAGES.

Look at the Starvation Rates Paid the Employees of the Maysville Cotton Mills.

Interesting Facts and Figures Which All Should Examine Before Voting.

Republicans have been bending their every energy in an effort to convince the laborers of this country that their wages depend upon the success of the Republican party.

They have been persistent and shameless in their false cry of free trade, and have sought every means, in season and out, to make the laborers believe that a high tariff insures high wages. They have harped upon this question continually. Every little backwoods politician and stump-speaker has taken up the cry and echoed it.

Now honestly and candidly, down in their soul they know that this cry of free trade is false. They know that wages depend upon the supply and demand, and not upon the tariff. They compare the wages in this country with the wages in England, but they studiously avoid any mention of the wages paid in France, Germany, Austria and Mexico.

Says the New York Times on this subject: "If high tariff makes high wages in this country it ought to do the same in other countries. Mexico has a higher tariff than this country has. Therefore, according to our thimble-rig logicians, wages should be higher in Mexico than here. But the fact is that wages are not half as high in Mexico as here. Germany has a tariff for protection and England has not. Therefore, according to these logicians, wages should be higher in Germany than in England. But what is the fact? Let us learn from a high-tariff authority. The commissioner of labor statistics for the State of Maine, which is the State of Blaine, is a zealous defender of the 47-per-cent. war tariff. In his last report this official gives the following tabulated statement of wages in certain trades in England and Germany:

WAGES PER WEEK.	England.	Germany.
Bricklayers.....	\$7.50	\$4.21
Masons.....	7.68	4.07
Plasterers.....	7.80	4.43
Carpenters.....	7.66	4.11
Blacksmiths.....	7.37	4.01
Cabinet-makers.....	7.08	4.25
Clay-makers.....	6.07	3.68
Coppers.....	7.50	3.97
Laborers.....	3.11	3.11
Saddle and harness-makers.....	6.43	3.36
Tinsmiths.....	6.36	3.51

According to the theory that high tariff makes high wages workmen should get a good deal more in Germany than in England. But according to this table they get almost exactly 77 per cent. more in England than in Germany.

But let us bring the question nearer home. There is a cotton mill here in Maysville. Its product is protected by a tariff of from 35 to 40 per cent. We are not positive as to the exact rate. Now look at the pitiful wages paid in this mill. Here is a list of the rates paid:

Lappers.....	\$ 5.00
Packers, men.....	4.50
Packers, women.....	3.00
Spinners, four side.....	3.00
Spinners, three-side.....	2.61
Spoolers.....	2.00
Twisters.....	2.00
Drawers-in.....	3.00
Carders.....	6.00
Card-grinders.....	8.19
Helpers.....	3.10
Doffers.....	1.15
Bobbin-tenders.....	1.15
Can-tenders.....	2.00
Engineers.....	12.00
Slubbers.....	2.80
Speeders.....	2.61
Hankers.....	2.25

The list is not complete. The highest figures furnished us are given in each of the classes named. Another point to be remembered is that the hands are required to work from 6:30 a. m. to 6:30 p. m., being allowed half an hour for dinner, making eleven hours and a half they work every day. We are further informed that some hands get only 65 cents and 75 cents a week.

Now for a comparison: From the first annual report of the Commissioner of Labor, we find that cotton mill hands in England work but ten hours a day. At two of the England mills mentioned in the report—selected at random—the weekly wages are as follows:

Lappers.....	\$ 5.76
Packers, men.....	4.08
Spinners.....	8.82
Twisters.....	6.12
Drawers-in.....	4.86
Carders.....	5.16
Card-grinders.....	4.46
Bobbin-carriers.....	6.90
Can-tenders, women.....	3.36
Engineers.....	10.80
Slubbers, women.....	4.32
Speeders, women.....	4.32

The comparison is as complete as possible with the information at hand. It will be seen that the cotton mill hands of low tariff England—"free trade England"—as the Republicans persist in saying—get as good, if not better, wages than the cotton mill hands right here in Maysville get. Our sole object in publishing the above is to show that a high tariff does not guarantee high wages. We think the above is conclusive on this point. These figures were published

last August with a notice to Hon. Robert A. Cochran, one of the principal owners of the mill, that if the published table of wages paid his hands was not correct, we would be glad to hear from him. We have never heard a word yet from him on the subject. But we have heard from some one else. A gentleman of this city, a Republican, and an officer of the Harrison and Morton Club, has informed us that our table of wages paid the hands of the Maysville Cotton Mills was ENTIRELY TOO HIGH. This gentleman was formerly a prominent Knight of Labor, and assured us that he knew what he was talking about.

It is a fact that there is more destitution and suffering among our cotton mill hands than among any other class of our citizens.

They labor from daylight till dark—eleven and a half hours a day—and are barely able to keep body and soul together.

The miserable wages they receive are barely sufficient to sustain life, and all this in a "protected" industry.

There is one family employed in this mill consisting of a man, his wife and three children. We are informed the total wages of these five people amount to only about \$10 a week and \$2 of this is retained by the owners of the mill as rent for the little house in which the family live. This is only one case. Most of these children never see inside of a school room. They are worked from daylight till dark in this mill, and allowed to grow up in ignorance.

And all this in a highly "protected" industry.

Hugh Cavanaugh, of Cincinnati, formerly Master Workman of District Association No. 45, Knights of Labor, recently said:

"I was in January's cotton factory in Maysville, Ky., and found GROWN MEN WORKING FOR \$4.80 A WEEK—twelve hours a day. I asked a young fellow to sign his name and he said: 'Excuse me, I can't write.' I asked him other questions and he replied: 'I was born here. I am now 22 years old and I've worked in the factory since I was seven.' He was making \$4.80 ONLY A WEEK, was married and his wife was working in the factory. OF THE TWO HUNDRED HANDS IN THE FACTORY NOT FIVE OUTSIDE OF THE FOREMAN WERE MAKING \$1.25 A DAY.

Study well these figures and then vote the Democratic ticket next Tuesday.

**Aberdeen Letter List.**  
Letters remaining in the postoffice at Aberdeen, O., for the month ending October 31, 1888:  
Brown, Miss  
Bean, Nannie  
Brookover, Mary M.  
Campbell, Andrew F.  
Covell, Mrs. George F.  
Caldwell, E. F.  
Christwell, Miss Annie  
Dixon, John  
Dameron, Mrs. Jennie  
Eppenshiner, Frank  
Fee, J. A.  
Harden, Jas. D.  
Hagerty, F. H.  
Hirren, Mrs. Adalat  
Hardin, Frank (2)  
Kemper, S.  
King, Miss Cinda  
McCurdy, Cyrus M.  
McBride, Leslie M.  
Richardson, J.  
Rule, M. F.  
Swengle, D. F. D. D. S.  
Stroupe, Mrs. M. P.  
Spear, Jessie  
Sheldon, George W.  
Turner, Rev. W. J.

Persons calling for the above letters will please say advertised.

J. W. GUTHRIE, P. M.

The handsomest line of diamonds ever shown here are those that Hopper & Murphy, the jewelers, are now displaying. Also a fine line of ladies' and gent's gold watches, at prices lower than they have ever been sold in Maysville. Prices guaranteed the lowest.

## FINANCE AND COMMERCE.

Quotations for the Money, Stock, Produce and Cattle Markets for November 3.

New York. — Money 2 per cent. Exchange steady; governments steady. Currency notes, 122 bid; four coupons, 127 bid; four-and-a-half, 104 bid.

The stock market to-day has been very dull and entirely without feature. Prices were generally weak and closed at 1/4 per cent. lower. The weakness was mainly due to the unfavorable condition of the bank statement, which shows a decrease in the reserve.

WHEAT—No. 1 hard, 110 1/2; No. 2 hard, 108 1/2; No. 3 hard, 106 1/2; No. 4 hard, 104 1/2; No. 5 hard, 102 1/2; No. 6 hard, 100 1/2; No. 7 hard, 98 1/2; No. 8 hard, 96 1/2; No. 9 hard, 94 1/2; No. 10 hard, 92 1/2; No. 11 hard, 90 1/2; No. 12 hard, 88 1/2; No. 13 hard, 86 1/2; No. 14 hard, 84 1/2; No. 15 hard, 82 1/2; No. 16 hard, 80 1/2; No. 17 hard, 78 1/2; No. 18 hard, 76 1/2; No. 19 hard, 74 1/2; No. 20 hard, 72 1/2; No. 21 hard, 70 1/2; No. 22 hard, 68 1/2; No. 23 hard, 66 1/2; No. 24 hard, 64 1/2; No. 25 hard, 62 1/2; No. 26 hard, 60 1/2; No. 27 hard, 58 1/2; No. 28 hard, 56 1/2; No. 29 hard, 54 1/2; No. 30 hard, 52 1/2; No. 31 hard, 50 1/2; No. 32 hard, 48 1/2; No. 33 hard, 46 1/2; No. 34 hard, 44 1/2; No. 35 hard, 42 1/2; No. 36 hard, 40 1/2; No. 37 hard, 38 1/2; No. 38 hard, 36 1/2; No. 39 hard, 34 1/2; No. 40 hard, 32 1/2; No. 41 hard, 30 1/2; No. 42 hard, 28 1/2; No. 43 hard, 26 1/2; No. 44 hard, 24 1/2; No. 45 hard, 22 1/2; No. 46 hard, 20 1/2; No. 47 hard, 18 1/2; No. 48 hard, 16 1/2; No. 49 hard, 14 1/2; No. 50 hard, 12 1/2; No. 51 hard, 10 1/2; No. 52 hard, 8 1/2; No. 53 hard, 6 1/2; No. 54 hard, 4 1/2; No. 55 hard, 2 1/2; No. 56 hard, 1 1/2; No. 57 hard, 1/2; No. 58 hard, 1/4; No. 59 hard, 1/8; No. 60 hard, 1/16; No. 61 hard, 1/32; No. 62 hard, 1/64; No. 63 hard, 1/128; No. 64 hard, 1/256; No. 65 hard, 1/512; No. 66 hard, 1/1024; No. 67 hard, 1/2048; No. 68 hard, 1/4096; No. 69 hard, 1/8192; No. 70 hard, 1/16384; No. 71 hard, 1/32768; No. 72 hard, 1/65536; No. 73 hard, 1/131072; No. 74 hard, 1/262144; No. 75 hard, 1/524288; No. 76 hard, 1/1048576; No. 77 hard, 1/2097152; No. 78 hard, 1/4194304; No. 79 hard, 1/8388608; No. 80 hard, 1/16777216; No. 81 hard, 1/33554432; No. 82 hard, 1/67108864; No. 83 hard, 1/134217728; No. 84 hard, 1/268435456; No. 85 hard, 1/536870912; No. 86 hard, 1/1073741824; No. 87 hard, 1/2147483648; No. 88 hard, 1/4294967296; No. 89 hard, 1/8589934592; No. 90 hard, 1/17179869184; No. 91 hard, 1/34359738368; No. 92 hard, 1/68719476736; No. 93 hard, 1/137438953472; No. 94 hard, 1/274877906944; No. 95 hard, 1/549755813888; No. 96 hard, 1/1099511627776; No. 97 hard, 1/2199023255552; No. 98 hard, 1/4398046511104; No. 99 hard, 1/8796093022208; No. 100 hard, 1/17592186044416; No. 101 hard, 1/35184372088832; No. 102 hard, 1/70368744177664; No. 103 hard, 1/140737488355328; No. 104 hard, 1/281474976710656; No. 105 hard, 1/562949953421312; No. 106 hard, 1/1125899906842624; No. 107 hard, 1/2251799813685248; No. 108 hard, 1/4503599627370496; No. 109 hard, 1/9007199254740992; No. 110 hard, 1/18014398509481984; No. 111 hard, 1/36028797018963968; No. 112 hard, 1/72057594037927936; No. 113 hard, 1/144115188075855872; No. 114 hard, 1/288230376151711744; No. 115 hard, 1/576460752303423488; No. 116 hard, 1/1152921504606846976; No. 117 hard, 1/2305843009213693952; No. 118 hard, 1/4611686018427387904; No. 119 hard, 1/9223372036854775808; No. 120 hard, 1/18446744073709551616; No. 121 hard, 1/36893488147419103232; No. 122 hard, 1/73786976294838206464; No. 123 hard, 1/147573952589676412928; 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